

Remington



At The RECORDER

FIRST AID CLASSES

First Aid classes have been under way in Raymond since February 16. Classes are held every Monday and Wednesday in the Town Hall. Enrollment this year is 52 with 30 in the Junior classes and 22 in the Senior classes.

Examinations will be held the second week in April.

Pieces of old tires are used as shoes for children in many sections of Greece. Clothing is included in the help Canadians will send these children through the Canadian Appeal for Children.



DR. F. J. GREANEY
Director,
Line Elevators Farm Service,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The Case for Seed Treatment

The kind of crop Western Canada is going to harvest in 1948 depends in no small measure on what kind of seed farmers plant this Spring. Farmers should not only be interested in the quality and purity of the seed they sow in 1948 but also in its freedom from disease.

Seed Treatment Needed. During the last few years Line Elevators Farm Service has examined thousands of farmers' seed samples of wheat, oats, barley and flax. These extensive seed tests have clearly indicated that a very large proportion of the seed-grain that is sown each year in Western Canada carries disease-producing organisms, or is damaged by weathering or threshing, in sufficient amount to make seed treatment positively necessary. Therefore, the best advice we can give to a farmer is this: Take no chances! Unless you know your seed is undamaged and free of smut and other diseases, treat it.

Seed-Treating Methods. The seed disinfectants (fungicides) recommended for the control of surface-borne smut and other seed-borne diseases of wheat, oats and barley, and for the treatment of flax, are the organic mercury dusts (Ceresan, Leytoman, etc.). For small grain crops the rate of application is 1/2 ounce per bushel of seed; for flax, the rate is 1 1/2 ounces per bushel. Seed of these crops can be safely treated months before it is needed for sowing. It is important, however, to store such treated seed in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. For best results, wheat seed should be treated at least 24 hours before planting. On the other hand, the seed of oats, barley and flax should be treated at least 7 days before it is sown.

Remember that the organic mercury dusts are poisonous. The precautions given by the manufacturer should be strictly observed. Seed treated with an organic mercury dust should not be used for food purposes, or fed to livestock.

For further information on seed treatment, consult your local Agricultural Representative, or write to Line Elevators Farm Service, Winnipeg.

A few drops of cod liver oil a day will help save millions of undernourished children in Europe and Asia. Help by answering the Canadian Appeal for Children.

GERMS CARRIED BY RAW COW'S MILK

Careful experiments have conclusively proved that there is no raw milk free from germs, even when obtained under sterile conditions. There are known to be bacteria in milk when it leaves the udders of healthy cows.

If milk is not kept very cold these bacteria first change its taste and color, then cause the milk to sour or curdle. This process continues in the stomach, causing indigestion, in babies particularly.

In addition to the organism in the milk of healthy cows which causes the fermentation and putrefaction of the nutrients in milk, many cows carry germs in the milk which produce very dangerous diseases in people of all races and ages.

Disease-producing germs in milk have their origin in diseased cows, milkers, milk handlers, carriers or people who have recovered from infectious diseases but still carry the germs in their bodies, and at times from contaminated water used in the dairy for washing utensils.

Milk-borne diseases are bovine tuberculosis, undulant fever, diphtheria, scarlet fever, septic sore throats, typhoid fever, paratyphoid and dysentery. There are also a number of

food poisoners found in raw milk.

Dr. J.R. Fraser, dean of the McGill University medical faculty, states that "possibly infantile paralysis is a milk borne disease."

The communicable diseases mentioned also may be conveyed in the various fresh milk products such as cream, ice cream, cheese, butter and buttermilk.

Proper pasteurization of raw milk destroys disease germs.

CERTIFIED MILK NOT ALWAYS SAFE

Opponents of milk pasteurization are still using the argument that certified milk-high grade milk from inspected herds which is produced under sanitary conditions—is as germ free as pasteurized milk. Animals in certified herds are inspected twice a year for tuberculosis and other diseases.

However, these pasteurized opponents fail to point out that disease can occur in the periods between examinations. They fail to point out that one diseased animal can infect an entire herd, certified or other wise. For instance, it sometimes has been estimated that one in 200 negative tuberculin tests on cows is false. Therefore if all the approximately 3,900,000 cows in Canada were T.B. tested, this would mean that 19,500 were false negatives—and those 19,500 animals could produce a lot of disease laden milk, and could pass the infection on to thousands of other animals.

Milk, to be absolutely safe for human consumption should come from healthy, clean cows, it must be cleanly handled, and it must be pasteurized. Pasteurized milk is the only safe milk.



A "School Teacher" whose class includes hundreds of children in many different parts of Canada is Kay Stevenson, who produces the CBC National School Broadcast, week program planned to be heard in school rooms as a supplement to regular lessons. Hers is the guiding hand behind the current six-part production of Shakespeare's "Hamlet" Fridays at 2:00 p.m. MST, on the CBC Trans-Canada network. Although unknown to most of her listeners, Miss Stevenson is recognized in radio as one of North America's top producers of educational broadcasts.

Pasteurized milk is the only safe milk.

Summer vacationists who are unable to obtain regular supply of the commercially pasteurized product, should pasteurize their own milk.

—Health League News Service

Are You Free to Choose When, Where, and to Whom You Shall Sell Your Wheat AND AT WHAT PRICE?

The Answer is—NO!

If you are satisfied to sell it to the Wheat Board at a controlled price, about one-half of what you would now get for it on a free and open market, well and good.

But if you want to sell your wheat on a free and open market and get a much higher price than the Wheat Board pays, why should the Government stop you?

Freedom of choice should be yours as to when, where, to whom and at what price you shall sell. Do you have it now?

Why should prairie wheat growers be compelled to pay the whole cost of subsidizing cheap wheat for Britain as well as cheap wheat for home consumption? These subsidies should be paid by the Government, that is by all the people and not loaded on to wheat growers alone.

You are compelled to pay top prices for everything you buy. Why not then demand top prices for your wheat?

We repeat—if some farmers are satisfied with a low price for their wheat, why should they and their leaders stop you from getting high prices for yours?

Do you realize how you are now controlled and regulated by the Canadian Wheat Board Act and its Amendments? If you don't, send at once for the pamphlet which gives you the facts.

Mail the coupon below and DO IT NOW.

To The Winnipeg Grain Exchange,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Please send me the pamphlet explaining how I am regulated and controlled by the Canadian Wheat Board Act and its Amendments.

FULL NAME..... (Print in Block Letters)

FULL ADDRESS.....

IT'S HERE NOW!

The NEW REMINGTON THREESOME



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True reports on the works of the Red Cross
by leading Canadian writers

The case of the 7 strangers



by Claire Wallace

There is a man in Canada who has the blood of seven total strangers in his veins. Maybe you wince at that idea. He doesn't. Without it, he would be dead.

Two years ago he was seriously injured in a crash. He received desperate head injuries, and a delicate operation was imperative. But shock and loss of blood had so weakened him that he couldn't have survived one. If... seven strangers had not stepped in.

They were Canadian men and women who had each given a blood donation to the Canadian Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service. When the doctors called for blood to save the life of the accident victim, it was the blood of those seven which pulled him through.

"Were you one of them?"

Today, he is a healthy, happy, useful citizen of Victoria, British Columbia. The only thing that marks him as different from the average man is a rather searching look that sometimes comes into his eyes as he walks along the street. For he often thinks of the seven who saved his life and wonders

who they are. As he looks into a stranger's face, he silently asks: "Were you one of them? If so, I thank you from my heart."

Similarly, the mother who gave birth to twins and would have died except for blood transfusions... the baby so anaemic at birth he could be kept alive only by donated blood... the maimed... the sick... the old—all those who owe their lives to blood transfusions say: "Thanks, unknown friend."

Free blood for Canadian hospitals

The Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service plans, as soon as possible, to extend whole blood and plasma free to all patients needing it, in hospitals across Canada. Already, two provinces—British Columbia and Alberta—provide this life-saving service. Last year, Alberta and British Columbia distributed 21,044 bottles of whole blood and 2,364 bottles of plasma, resulting in the saving of many lives.

But it takes money as well as blood to save these lives. Remember this, as the Canadian Red Cross appeals to you now for funds. Give generously. A life may depend upon your donation.



The work of mercy never
ends... Give generously to
the CANADIAN RED CROSS

Red Cross Services include: Blood Transfusion, Outpost Hospitals, Aid to Sick and Disabled Veterans, Treatment for Crippled Children, Disaster Relief, Nutrition Services, Home Nursing Courses, Swimming and Water Safety, etc.

Electrical Appliances

of ALL Kinds

Radio Repairs

House Wiring

Greep's Electric

WE WILL HAVE A SMALL VARIETY OF TOYS AND GAMES

ON HAND THROUGHOUT THE YEAR

Apple Day - Saturday March 20th

Help The Scouts To Summer Camp